litigation when combined with information not known at the time of the prosecution to any person substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application.

Reply: Paragraph (a) of \$1.55 makes it clear that the Office recognizes that the duty to disclose material information infinited to such information which is known by an individual limited to such minormation which is known by an individual substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application. Thus, while information may be material under the definition of \$1.56(b)(1), there can be no duty to disclose the information if it is material only in combination with unknown

information.

Comment 30 One comment stated that proposed § 1.56(b) should be modified so that paragraph (0/(1) refers to information that renders a claim unparentable C but (7°), paragraph (0/2) remains as proposed, and a paragraph (0/3) is added to include definition of materiality as "the decess information over which any pending claim patentably definer." This comment suggested that this modified definition would be requiring the proposed of the comment of the proposed of the comment of the c information.

ments based on such references.

ments based on such references.

Reply: The ungested language would scenningly require information to Reply: The ungested dispusses would scenningly require information to root, since the "locoset information" would be required. Section 1.56 does not require information which is not relevant to be sometimed, so only information which the or relevant to be sometimed, to only information which meet the definition of Comment 31. One comment stated that If proposed \$1.560(1) is growing land, there would be no need for proposed \$1.560(1) is growing land, there would be no need for proposed \$1.560(1) of ungestability and other information required by paragraph (O/2) might be observe. Another comment argued that propagate the property of the propagate and less ambiguous.

and less ambiguous. Reply: The suggestion as to the language change to \$1.56(b)(2) has been adopted. The final rule language avoids the perceived problem of requiring an applicant to submit information supporting a position taken by the examiner. It is not appropriate. ing a position taken by the examiner. It is not appropriate, however, to climinate paragraph (b/X2) because it is an essential part of the definition of information material to patentiability and will help to ensure that all material facts are brought to the attention of the examiner during the examination process.

Comment 32. One comment alguestioned the language of proposed §1.56(b)(2) as to how an applicant could consider a prior for the examination of the control of the contro

seed of 1 activity) are never an expirent could consider a prior text reference as reporting a position of unspearability target to the Coffice while at the same time disporting that interpretation when the Coffice while at the same time disporting that interpretations. Apply: The integracy of § 1.56(b)(2) has been modified to 10 opening as a system of particular that is optimized to a state of the constition with a position the spill contract as a system of particular that is (1) opporing an apparent of particular that is (1) opporing an apparent of particular that (1) opporing an apparent of particular that (1) opporing the constitution of the comment 13 of the commen

mation which is known to an individual to be material as defined

ination which is however an industrial in paragraph (b).

Comment 34. One comment stated that proposed § 1.56(c) should be modified so that the duty of any individual designated as having a duty of disclosure would terminate when such individual ceases to be substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application. The comment used, as an or prosecution of the application. The comment used, as an example, an inventor who would not be aware of art cited by the examiner which would cause information known to the inventor to fall within the definition of materiality for the first time.

to rail within the defunition of materiality for the tirst time. Reply: The suggestion in the comment is not adopted. The duty to disclose information material to patentiability rests on the individuals designated in §1.56(c) until the application issues as a patent or becomes abandoned. Paragraph (a) of §1.56 makes it clear, however, that each individual has a duty to disclose only information which is known to that Individual to be material. Comment 35. One comment stated that proposed \$1.56(c)(3) should not include the assignee, or anyone to whom there is an obligation to assign the application, in the class of those who have a duty to disclose material information since there might be a "wirtch huni" during litigation to find one employee with knowledge of, or possession of, information that should have been disclosed.

been disclosed.

Reply: No modification to \$1.56(c)(3) is needed since \$1.56 sets forth that only individuals who are associated with the filing and

forth that only individuals who are associated with the filling and speciation of a pattern application have a days of candor and good faith, including a duty to disclose to the Office all information and the control of the control

attorney or agent. attorney or agen.

Reply: The suggestion in the comment is not adopted since the duty as described in §1.56 will be met as long as the information in question was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office in Question was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office in the Comment of in question was crited by the Orline of seminated to Orline in the manner prescribed by §\$1.97(b)-(d) and 1.98 before issuance of the patent. Statements from both an inventor and the practitioner are not required to be submitted.

practitioner are not required to be submitted.

Comment 37. One comment stated that proposed \$\$1,52(c)\$ and \$\$1,57(c)\$ should be modified to there (1) expressly permit above to be the factor to be the factor of the property of the factor of ver be condoned.

Reply: The Office does not condone willfully filling out false oaths. Further, § 10.23(c))(11) indicates that the Office considers ouths. Further, § 10.24(s)/(1) indicates that the Office considers immiscenduct for a perticulators to knowingly file or cause to be filed an application containing a material attention made, the containing a superial state of the consideration of the containing an application containing an application in which an alternation was made, but as upplementable of containing alternations in required to be filed in an application containing alternations made after the signing of the oath of celestration. Comments its and that the implementation of celestration.

Comment 38. One comment stated that the implementation of proposed §§1.63(b)(3) and 1.175(a)(7) allows for a two-month delay in the deadline for requiring declarations complying there-

Reply: The averments in oath or declaration forms presently in use that comply with the previous \$1.63 or \$1.175 will also comply with the requirements of the new rules. Therefore, the

comply with the requirements of the new nuies. Therefore, the Office will continue to accept the old oath or declaration forms as complying with the new nules. Comment 3P. Five comments questioned the need for the pro-posed nules since statistics show that information disclosure statements are submitted early in prosecution and questioned what new service it being provided for the proposed fee in §1.97. Reply: The Office desires to continue to encourage information to be submitted promptly so that it can be considered by the examiner when the first Office action is prepared. Some people exammer when the first Office action is prepared. Some people have expressed a desire to have the option of waiting to submit information until after the first Office action, without concern that they will be subject to a charge of inequitable conduct. Section 1.97(c), as amended will provide a charge of the conduct. Section 1.97(c), as amended, will provide this option to applicants in that information will be considered later than three months after the filing date of the application (\$1.97(a) prior to morans after the ring date of the application (9.1-9/4a) prior to amendment) without a showing of prompiness (prior § 1.99). The fee will compensate the Office for the added expense caused by the late submission of the information and will serve as a disincentive to the intentional withholding of information even for a short period of time.

Comment 40. Two comments suggested that proposed §1.97(a) be modified so that the mechanism of proposed §1.98 would not be the only acceptable technique for submitting information

Reply: The Office has set forth the minimum requirements for information to be considered in §§ 1.97 and 1.98. These rules will information to be considered in §§1.9/ and 1.9s. I flee's ruies will provide certainty for the public of exactly what the requirements are, when the Office will not consider information and when the Office will not consider information. Thus, applicants are provided with means for complying with the duty of disclosure by following the rules. If information is submitted in a manner so that it is not considered by the Office, applicant will assume the

